

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (Original) A small footprint device comprising
 - a. at least one processing element;
 - b. memory,
 - c. a context barrier for isolating one program module from at least one other program module using said memory and processing element, and
 - d. an entry point object for permitting one program module to access one other program module across said context barrier.

2-29 (Cancelled)

30. (New) A small footprint device comprising:
at least one processing element configured to execute groups of one or more program modules in separate contexts, said one or more program modules comprising zero or more sets of executable instructions and zero or more sets of data definitions, said zero or more sets of executable instructions and said zero or more data definitions grouped as object definitions, each context comprising a protected object instance space such that at least one of said object definitions is instantiated in association with a particular context;

a memory comprising instances of objects; and
a context barrier for separating and isolating said contexts, said context barrier configured
for controlling execution of at least one instruction of one of said zero or more sets of
instructions comprised by a program module based at least in part on whether said at
least one instruction is executed for an object instance associated with a first one of said
one or more separate contexts and whether said at least one instruction is requesting
access to an instance of an object definition associated with a second one of said one or
more separate contexts, said context barrier further configured to prevent said access if
said access is unauthorized and enable said access if said access is authorized; and
an entry point object for permitting one program module to access information from another
program module across said context barrier.

31. (New) The small footprint device of claim 30 in which said context barrier allocates
separate name spaces for each program module.
32. (New) The small footprint device of claim 30 in which at least two program modules can
access said entry point object even though they are located in different respective name
spaces.
33. (New) The small footprint device of claim 30 in which said context barrier allocates
separate memory spaces for each program module.

34. (New) The small footprint device of claim 33 in which at least two program modules can access said entry point object even though they are located in different respective memory spaces.
35. (New) The small footprint device of claim 30 in which said context barrier enforces security checks on at least one of a principal, an object, and an action.
36. (New) The small footprint device of claim 35 in which at least one security check is based on partial name agreement between a principal, and an object.
37. (New) The small footprint device of claim 36 in which at least one program can access said entry point object without said at least one security check.
38. (New) The small footprint device of claim 35 in which at least one security check is based on memory space agreement between a principal and an object.
39. (New) The small footprint device of claim 38 in which at least one program can access said entry point object without said at least one security check.
40. (New) The small footprint device of claim 30 wherein an object instance is associated with a context by recording the name of said context in a header of said object instance, information in said header inaccessible to said one or more program modules.
41. (New) The small footprint device of claim 30 wherein

said memory comprises object header data, said object header data comprising information associated with at least one of said instances of objects; and
 said controlling execution is based at least in part on said object header data.

42. (New) The small footprint device of claim 30 wherein
 said memory is partitioned into a plurality of memory spaces with instances of objects
 allocated for storage in one of said plurality of storage spaces; and
 said controlling execution is based at least in part on determining the storage space allocated
 to an executing object instance and an accessed object instance.

43. (New) A method of operating a small footprint device that includes a processing machine, wherein program modules are executed on the processing machine, the method comprising:
 separating contexts using a context barrier, said context barrier configured to for controlling
 execution of at least one instruction of one of said zero or more sets of instructions
 comprised by a program module based at least in part on whether said at least one
 instruction is executed for an object instance associated with a first one of said one or
 more separate contexts and whether said at least one instruction is requesting access to
 an instance of an object definition associated with a second one of said one or more
 separate contexts, said separating further comprising:
 preventing said access if said access is unauthorized; and
 enabling said access if said access is authorized;

 executing groups of one or more program modules in separate contexts, said one or more
 program modules comprising zero or more sets of executable instructions and zero or
 more sets of data definitions, said zero or more sets of executable instructions and said

zero or more data definitions grouped as object definitions, each context comprising a protected object instance space such that at least one of said object definitions is instantiated in association with a particular context; and permitting access to information across said context barrier using an entry point object.

44. (New) The method of claim 43 wherein an object instance is associated with a context by recording the name of said context in a header of said object instance, information in said header inaccessible to said one or more program modules.

45. (New) The method of claim 43 wherein said controlling execution is based at least in part on object header data comprising information associated with at least one of said instances of objects.

46. (New) The method of claim 43 wherein a memory of said small footprint device is partitioned into a plurality of memory spaces with instances of objects allocated for storage in one of said plurality of storage spaces; and said controlling execution is based at least in part on determining the storage space allocated to an executing object instance and an accessed object instance.

47. (New) A method of permitting access to information on a small footprint device from a first program module to a second program module separated by a context barrier, said small footprint device comprising:
at least one processing element configured to execute groups of one or more program modules in separate contexts, said one or more program modules comprising zero or

more sets of executable instructions and zero or more sets of data definitions, said zero or more sets of executable instructions and said zero or more data definitions grouped as object definitions, each context comprising a protected object instance space such that at least one of said object definitions is instantiated in association with a particular context; a memory comprising instances of objects; and a context barrier for separating and isolating said contexts, said context barrier configured for controlling execution of at least one instruction of one of said zero or more sets of instructions comprised by a program module based at least in part on whether said at least one instruction is executed for an object instance associated with a first one of said one or more separate contexts and whether said at least one instruction is requesting access to an instance of an object definition associated with a second one of said one or more separate contexts, said context barrier further configured to prevent said access if said access is unauthorized and enable said access if said access is authorized, the method comprising:

creating an entry point object which may be accessed by at least two program modules; and using said entry point object to permit access to information across said context barrier.

48. (New) The method of claim 47 wherein an object instance is associated with a context by recording the name of said context in a header of said object instance, information in said header inaccessible to said one or more program modules.
49. (New) The method of claim 47 wherein said controlling execution is based at least in part on object header data comprising information associated with at least one of said instances of objects.

50. (New) The method of claim 47 wherein

a memory of said small footprint device is partitioned into a plurality of memory spaces with instances of objects allocated for storage in one of said plurality of storage spaces; and said controlling execution is based at least in part on determining the storage space allocated to an executing object instance and an accessed object instance.

51. (New) A computer program product, comprising:

a memory medium; and

a computer controlling element comprising instructions for implementing a context barrier on a small footprint device and for bypassing said context barrier using an entry point object, said small footprint device comprising:

at least one processing element configured to execute groups of one or more program modules in separate contexts, said one or more program modules comprising zero or more sets of executable instructions and zero or more sets of data definitions, said zero or more sets of executable instructions and said zero or more data definitions grouped as object definitions, each context comprising a protected object instance space such that at least one of said object definitions is instantiated in association with a particular context;

a memory comprising instances of objects; and

a context barrier for separating and isolating said contexts, said context barrier configured for controlling execution of at least one instruction of one of said zero or more sets of instructions comprised by a program module based at least in part on whether said at least one instruction is executed for an object instance associated with a first one of said one or more separate contexts and whether said at least one instruction is requesting

access to an instance of an object definition associated with a second one of said one or more separate contexts, said context barrier further configured to prevent said access if said access is unauthorized and enable said access if said access is authorized.

52. (New) The computer program product of claim 51 in which said medium is a carrier wave.

53. (New) A computer program product, comprising:

a memory medium; and

a computer controlling element comprising instructions for separating a plurality of programs on a small footprint device by running them in respective contexts and for permitting one program to access information from another program by bypassing a context barrier using an entry point object, said small footprint device comprising:

at least one processing element configured to execute groups of one or more program modules in separate contexts, said one or more program modules comprising zero or more sets of executable instructions and zero or more sets of data definitions, said zero or more sets of executable instructions and said zero or more data definitions grouped as object definitions, each context comprising a protected object instance space such that at least one of said object definitions is instantiated in association with a particular context;

a memory comprising instances of objects; and

a context barrier for separating and isolating said contexts, said context barrier configured for controlling execution of at least one instruction of one of said zero or more sets of instructions comprised by a program module based at least in part on whether said at least one instruction is executed for an object instance associated with a first one of said one or more separate contexts and whether said at least one instruction is requesting

access to an instance of an object definition associated with a second one of said one or more separate contexts, said context barrier further configured to prevent said access if said access is unauthorized and enable said access if said access is authorized.

54. (New) The computer program product of claim 53 in which said medium is a carrier wave.

55. (New) A carrier wave carrying instructions for implementing an entry point object for bypassing a context barrier on a small footprint device over a communications link, said small footprint device comprising:

at least one processing element configured to execute groups of one or more program modules in separate contexts, said one or more program modules comprising zero or more sets of executable instructions and zero or more sets of data definitions, said zero or more sets of executable instructions and said zero or more data definitions grouped as object definitions, each context comprising a protected object instance space such that at least one of said object definitions is instantiated in association with a particular context; a memory comprising instances of objects; and

a context barrier for separating and isolating said contexts, said context barrier configured for controlling execution of at least one instruction of one of said zero or more sets of instructions comprised by a program module based at least in part on whether said at least one instruction is executed for an object instance associated with a first one of said one or more separate contexts and whether said at least one instruction is requesting access to an instance of an object definition associated with a second one of said one or more separate contexts, said context barrier further configured to prevent said access if said access is unauthorized and enable said access if said access is authorized.

56. (New) A carrier wave carrying instructions over a communications link for separating a plurality of programs on a small footprint device by running them in respective contexts and for permitting one program to access information from another program using at least one entry point object, said small footprint device comprising:

at least one processing element configured to execute groups of one or more program modules in separate contexts, said one or more program modules comprising zero or more sets of executable instructions and zero or more sets of data definitions, said zero or more sets of executable instructions and said zero or more data definitions grouped as object definitions, each context comprising a protected object instance space such that at least one of said object definitions is instantiated in association with a particular context; a memory comprising instances of objects; and

a context barrier for separating and isolating said contexts, said context barrier configured for controlling execution of at least one instruction of one of said zero or more sets of instructions comprised by a program module based at least in part on whether said at least one instruction is executed for an object instance associated with a first one of said one or more separate contexts and whether said at least one instruction is requesting access to an instance of an object definition associated with a second one of said one or more separate contexts, said context barrier further configured to prevent said access if said access is unauthorized and enable said access if said access is authorized.

57. (New) A method of transmitting code over a network, comprising transmitting a block of code from a server, said block of code comprising instructions for implementing an entry

point object for bypassing a context barrier on a small footprint device over a communications link, said small footprint device comprising:

at least one processing element configured to execute groups of one or more program modules in separate contexts, said one or more program modules comprising zero or more sets of executable instructions and zero or more sets of data definitions, said zero or more sets of executable instructions and said zero or more data definitions grouped as object definitions, each context comprising a protected object instance space such that at least one of said object definitions is instantiated in association with a particular context;

a memory comprising instances of objects; and

a context barrier for separating and isolating said contexts, said context barrier configured for controlling execution of at least one instruction of one of said zero or more sets of instructions comprised by a program module based at least in part on whether said at least one instruction is executed for an object instance associated with a first one of said one or more separate contexts and whether said at least one instruction is requesting access to an instance of an object definition associated with a second one of said one or more separate contexts, said context barrier further configured to prevent said access if said access is unauthorized and enable said access if said access is authorized.